1 The equation shows the effect of heat on anhydrous zinc sulfate.

$$ZnSO_4 \rightarrow ZnO + SO_3$$

(a) What type of chemical reaction is this? Tick **one** box.

addition	
decomposition	
displacement	
oxidation	

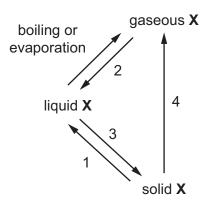
[1]

(b) When 12.60 g of anhydrous zinc sulfate is heated, the mass of zinc oxide formed is 6.34 g. Calculate the mass of zinc oxide formed when 63.0 g of anhydrous zinc sulfate is heated.

mass of zinc oxide =g [1]

[Total: 2]

2 Element **X** can undergo the following physical changes.

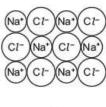


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(a)	Give the scientific name for each of the numbered physical changes.
	1
	2
	3
	4[4]
(b)	Explain why the changes shown are physical changes.
	[1]
(c)	One difference between boiling and evaporation is the rate at which the processes occur.
	State one other difference between boiling and evaporation.
	[1]
	[Total: 6]
Bala	ance the chemical equation for the complete combustion of ethanol.
Dail	and the distincti equation for the complete compaction of cultation.
	$C_2H_5OH + 3O_2 \rightarrowCO_2 +H_2O$ [2]
	[Total: 2]

3

4 Substance Y undergoes physical and chemical changes.



Υ

Which **two** of the following are physical changes? Explain your answer.

A Substance Y dissolves easily in water.

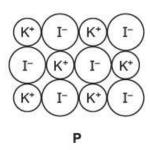
B An aqueous solution of substance \	gives a white prec	ipitate with acidified ag	ueous silver nitrate
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C Substance **Y** melts at 801 °C.

D Substance Y reacts with concentrated sulfuric acid.	
	[3]

[Total: 3]

5 Substance P undergoes physical and chemical changes.



Which **two** of the following are physical changes? Explain your answer.

A Substance P reacts with concentrated sulfuric acid.

B lodine forms when chlorine is added to an aqueous solution of substance **P**.

C Substance **P** boils at 1330°C.

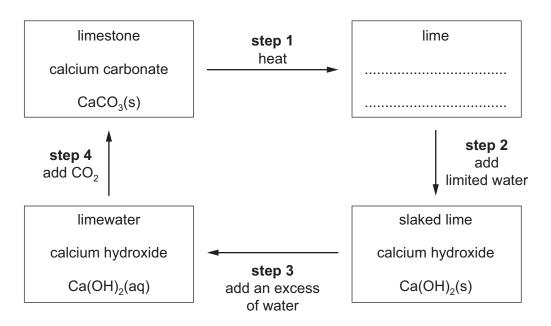
D Substance **P** dissolves easily in water.

[Total: 3]

[3]

6 Limestone rock is mainly calcium carbonate, CaCO₃.

The 'limestone cycle' is shown. Each step is numbered.



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(a)	Complete the box to give the chemical name and formula of lime.	[2]
(b)	Which step involves a physical change?	F41
(c)	What type of reaction is step 1 ?	[1]
(d)	Suggest how step 2 could be reversed.	[1]
(e)	Write a chemical equation for step 4 .	[1]
(f)	Explain why step 4 is a neutralisation reaction. Refer to the substances reacting in your answer.	[1] wer.
		[2]
	[Tota	al: 8]