Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
1(a)	any two from: diamond/graphite/graphene	1			
1(b)	carbon monoxide	1			
2(a)	from car engines/lightning/high temperature furnaces	1			
2(b)	irritates eyes/nose/mouth/skin/lungs	1			
2(c)	carbon dioxide/methane	1			
3(a)	chlorine / argon	1			
3(b)	sodium	1			
3(c)	argon	1			
3(d)	sulfur	1			
3(e)	aluminium	1			
3(f)	silicon	1			
3(g)	chlorine	1			

Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
4(a)	M1 oxygen	2			
	M2 water				
4(b)	zinc/Zn	1			
5(a)	zinc nitrate + nitrogen dioxide + water (2)	2			
	If 2 marks not scored:				
	1 mark for any 2 correct products in equation				
5(b)	nitrogen dioxide/NO ₂ (1)	2			
	lightning/high temperature furnaces (1)				
6(a)	oxygen/O ₂	1			
6(b)	carbon + oxygen → carbon dioxide	1			
6(c)	reactants on the left and product on the right (both required)	1			
7	sulfur dioxide/SO ₂ is formed	2			
	SO ₂ reacts with (atmospheric) water (vapour)/rain				
8	CH ₄ /methane	1			

Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
9	nitrogen and oxygen (from the air) (1)	2			
	(react) at high temperatures (in engine) or (electrical) spark (in engine) (1)				
10	sulfur dioxide / SO ₂	1			
11	carbon monoxide/CO	1			
12(a)	breathing difficulties/irritates nose/irritates eyes/asthma attacks	1			
12(b)	2 (NO ₂) (1) 2 (NaOH) (1)	2			
13(a)	nitrogen AND oxygen	1			
13(b)	NO ₂	1			
13(c)	the air / the atmosphere	1			

Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
14	B / boiled water	2			
	AND				
	because no air / no oxygen (1)				
	C / with calcium chloride				
	AND				
	because no water (1)				
15	B (1)	2			allow Ar
	F (1)				allowCO ₂
16(a)	1.5 (%)	1			

Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
16(b)	any 3 from:	3			
	greater percentage of helium (on Neptune) / more helium on Neptune / less helium on Earth				
	greater percentage of hydrogen (on Neptune) / more hydrogen on Neptune / no hydrogen on Earth / (very) little hydrogen on Earth				
	no oxygen on Neptune / little oxygen on Neptune (but Earth has 21% oxygen)				
	greater percentage of methane (on Neptune) / more methane on Neptune / less methane on Earth / more methane on Neptune				
	more argon on Earth / less argon on Neptune				
	no nitrogen on Neptune / little nitrogen on Neptune				

	_				
Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
17	any 3 from:	3			
	 no oxygen on Venus / (very) little oxygen on Venus / Earth has oxygen / Earth has 21% oxygen 				
	greater per cent carbon dioxide on Venus / more carbon dioxide on Venus ORA				
	smaller per cent of nitrogen on Venus / (very) little nitrogen on Venus / less nitrogen on Venus / Earth has 79% nitrogen				
18	carbon monoxide is a gas / carbon monoxide escapes from the mixture	1			
19	D	1			

Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
20	 any 3 from: greater percentage of helium (on Saturn) / less helium on Earth greater percentage of hydrogen (on Saturn) / little hydrogen on Earth no oxygen on Saturn / oxygen on Earth / Earth has 1/5 oxygen lower percentage of other gases (on Saturn) / more of other gases on Earth greater percentage of argon on Earth / less argon on Saturn no OR very little nitrogen on Saturn / Earth has a lot of nitrogen 	3			
21	fractional distillation	1			

Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
22	any two sources:	5			
	• sulfur dioxide: from volcanoes / burning fossil fuels				
	oxides of nitrogen: from car exhausts / high temperature furnaces / lightning				
	any three effects:				
	sulfur dioxide: acid rain / named effects of acid rain				
	• sulfur dioxide: irritates eyes or skin				
	oxides of nitrogen: acid rain / named effect of acid rain				
	oxides of nitrogen: breathing difficulties / breathing problems / irritates eyes / skin / photochemical smog				
23	C - carbon monoxide	1			
24	B - Carbon monoxide is produced by the complete combustion of petrol.	1			
25(a)	nitrogen 78%, oxygen 21%, noble gases 1%	1			

Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
25(b)	argon is unreactive / inert	1			
	air (or oxygen) may oxidise metals / air (or oxygen) may react with the (hot) metals / to prevent the air (or oxygen) reacting with the metals	1			
26(a)	mixture of metals / mixture of metal(s) + non-metals	1		do not allow: compound	
26(b)	covers surface / idea of protective layer	1			
	prevents contact with air / prevents contact with water / so air (or water) does not react with steel	1		do not allow: reference to tin being more reactive / sacrificial protection (for second marking point)	

Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
27	Any three from: sulfur dioxide reacts with water in air / reacts with water on surface of building / forms acid rain limestone is a carbonate idea of reaction of acid with limestone / carbonate carbon dioxide (+ salt + water) formed	3		allow: sulfur dioxide is acidic / it is acidic	
28(a)	3 (H ₂)	1			
28(b)	(hydrogen is) flammable / explosive	1		allow: fire hazard	
	(CO is) poisonous / toxic	1		ignore: CO harmful	
29	water absorbed	1			
30	air/oxygen and water (need both)	1			
31	aluminium oxide layer is impervious or non-porous or passive or unreactive or will not allow water/air to pass through it (rust allows passage of water or air or it flakes off)	1			

Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
32(a)	copper + nitric acid → copper nitrate + nitrogen dioxide + water	2			1 mark if one / two errors
32(b)	any three from: • blue (solution) / blue (precipitate); • precipitate / ppt; • in excess the precipitate redissolves; • dark blue solution (above precipitate);	3			
32(c)	car engines / car exhausts / lightning / high temperature furnaces;	1			
33	they are gases / vapours ;	1			
34(a)	points all correctly plotted; 1 mark for 6 points correctly plotted	2			
	best curve (through the points);	1			

Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
34(b)	value from candidate's graph at 25°C to within ± 0.1 mg / dm ³ ;	1			
34(c)	21% / 20% ;	1			
35	they are gases / vapours ;	1			
36	in tube A the calcium chloride absorbs the water vapour;	1			
	in tube B there is both water and air / there is water (vapour) in the air;	1			

Question	Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
37	burn fossil fuels / burn fuels containing sulfur / burn compounds containing sulfur / burn ores containing sulfur / roast metal sulfides / burn metal sulfides (1)	3			
	sulfur dioxide / SO ₂ (formed) (1)				
	(form) sulfuric / H ₂ SO ₄ / sulfurous acid / H ₂ SO ₃ (1)				
	OR				
	nitrogen and oxygen (in air) react at high temperatures / in jet engines / car engines / lightning. (1)				
	(form) oxides of nitrogen (1)				
	(form) nitric acid / HNO ₃ / nitrous acid / HNO ₂ (1)				
38	any two from:	2			
	limited or finite resource / non-renewable / will run out / depleted				
	greenhouse effect / gas(es) / climate change / (cause) global warming				
	acid rain				
	production of poisonous / toxic gases				

- Mark Scheme

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Answer	Marks	AO Element	Notes	Guidance
78 (%)	1			
fractional (1)	2			
distillation (1)				
acid rain	1			
nitrogen and oxygen (from the	2			
(due to) high temperatures (1)				
nitrogen (1)	3			
carbon dioxide (1)				
platinum (1)				
$CH_4 + 1\frac{1}{2}O_2 \rightarrow CO + 2H_2O$	2			
CO and H ₂ O as products and methane as reactant (1)				
rest of the equation (1)				
H ₂ O and CO or C formed (1)	2			
$2C_4H_{10} + 9O_2 \rightarrow 8CO + 10H_2O$ (1)				allow correctly balanced alternatives with CO and/or C formed
	fractional (1) distillation (1) acid rain nitrogen and oxygen (from the air) react (in the engine) (1) (due to) high temperatures (1) nitrogen (1) carbon dioxide (1) platinum (1) $CH_4 + 1\frac{1}{2}O_2 \rightarrow CO + 2H_2O$ CO and H_2O as products and methane as reactant (1) rest of the equation (1) H_2O and CO or C formed (1) $2C_4H_{10} + 9O_2 \rightarrow 8CO + 10H_2O$	78 (%) fractional (1) distillation (1) acid rain nitrogen and oxygen (from the air) react (in the engine) (1) (due to) high temperatures (1) nitrogen (1) carbon dioxide (1) platinum (1) $CH_4 + 1\frac{1}{2}O_2 \rightarrow CO + 2H_2O$ $CO \text{ and } H_2O \text{ as products and methane as reactant (1)}$ rest of the equation (1) $H_2O \text{ and } CO \text{ or } C \text{ formed (1)}$ $2C_4H_{10} + 9O_2 \rightarrow 8CO + 10H_2O$	fractional (1)	78 (%) fractional (1) distillation (1) acid rain 1 nitrogen and oxygen (from the air) react (in the engine) (1) (due to) high temperatures (1) nitrogen (1) carbon dioxide (1) platinum (1) $CH_4 + 11/2O_2 \rightarrow CO + 2H_2O$ $CO \text{ and } H_2O \text{ as products and methane as reactant (1)}$ rest of the equation (1) $H_2O \text{ and } CO \text{ or } C \text{ formed (1)}$ $2C_4H_{10} + 9O_2 \rightarrow 8CO + 10H_2O$

[Total: 107]